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F-6321

M.Sc. (IInd Semester) (CBCS Main) Examination, 2021

CHEMISTRY

(Inorganic Chemistry - 2)

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 70 Minimum Passing Parks: 25

Note: Attempt questions from all **four** sections as directed.

The marks given in right hand side indicate full marks.

SECTION-A

(Objective Type Questeions)

Note: Attempt any ten questions. Each question carries One marks.

[1x10=10]

1. (i) As per the Bronsted and Lowry concept, a Base is substance that:

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F-6321/10		(2)
	(d)	NH ₃
	(c)	H_2O
	(b)	Cl ⁻
	(a)	Ni ²⁺
(iii)	Which	of the following cannot be a Ligand?
	(d)	HF
	(c)	H ₂ S
	(b)	CCl ₃ COOH
	(a)	CH ₄
()	Hydrogen compound?	
(ii)	Which	of these is not an acid, despite being a
	(d)	Donates neutron
	(c)	Accepts neutron
	(b)	Donates proton
	(a)	Accepts proton

F-6321/10		(3) [P.T	Γ .Ο .
	(d)	Crown ether	
	(c)	Phthalocyanine	
	(b)	Corrin	
	(a)	Porphyrin	
(vi)	The Li	e Ligand system present in vitamin B12 is:	
	(d)	Zn (II) and Hydrolysis peptide bonds	
	(c)	Mg (II) and Hydrolysis CO ₂	
	(b)	Mg (II) and Hydrolysis peptide bond	
	(a)	Zn (II) and Hydrolysis CO ₂	
(v)	Carbox	Carboxypeptidase contains:	
	(d)	8	
	(c)	6	
	(b)	4	
	(a)	2	
(iv)	How many donor atoms can EDTA ⁴⁻ Lig through?		binc

(vii)	What is the general electronic configuration of the Lanthanides?		
	(a)	$(n-2)f^{1-14}(n-1)d^{1-10}ns^2$	
	(b)	$(n-2)f^{1-14}(n-1)d^{1-20}ns^2$	
	(c)	$(n-2)f^{1-14}(n-1)d^{0-1}ns^2$	
	(d)	$(n-2)f^{1-14}(n-1)d^{0}$ ns ²	
(viii)		What is the most common oxidation state o Lanthanide?	
	(a)	+2	
	(b)	+4	
	(c)	+6	
	(d)	+3	
(ix)	Actinoid compound are more basic than Lanthanoid compound.		
	(a)	True	
	(b)	False	
F-6321/10		(4)	

(x)	According to Wade's rule, cluster [C of	$Os_3(CO)_{12}$] is type
(xi)	The ground state term for chr $[Cr(CN)_6]^4$ is	omium ion in
(xii)	The colour of the nano-gold particle	es is
	SECTION-B	
	(Very Short Answer Questions)	
Note: Atten	npt any five questions. Each question	carries 2 marks.
(25-3	0 words only)	[2x5=10]
2. (i)	What is spectroscopic ground state explain with suitable example.	e "term symbol"
(ii)	What do you meant by Buffer solut	ions?
(iii)	What is Carboranes? Also give the carboranes.	classification of
(iv)	Write the role of sodium and Zn ion	ıs.
(v)	What is stability constant?	
F-6321/10	(5)	[P.T.O.]

- (vi) Write the oxidation state of Lanthanoids and Actinoides.
- (vii) Give two example of Iron-Sulphur proteins.

SECTION-C

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Note: Attempt **any five** questions. Each question carries **4** marks.

(250 words only) [4x5=20]

- 3. (i) Evaluate spectroscopic ground state for electronic configuration from d¹, d³, d⁵ and d¹⁰.
 - (ii) What do you mean by metal cluster? Write down two categories of metal cluster.
 - (iii) Describe the Werner's theory and its application.
 - (iv) Explain the Carbory peptidase and Carbonic anhydrase.
 - (v) Write the concept of Lewis acid-base and its applications.

- (vi) Discuss the electronic configuration and oxidation state of Lanthanoids and Actinoids.
- (vii) Write a short note on Nano-technology.

SECTION-D

(Essay Type Questions)

Note: Attempt any three questions. Each question carries ten marks. (more than 500 words) [3x10=30]

- 4. (i) (a) Discuss the colour and spectral properties of Lanthanoids.
 - (b) What is Lanthanides contraction? Also discuss its effect and consequences.
 - (ii) Write short notes on the following:
 - (a) Nitrogen fixation
 - (b) Effective Atomic Number (EAN)
 - (c) Magnetic properties of Lanthanides

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- (iii) Discuss charge Transfer Spectra. Draw moleculer orbital diagram for LMCT and MLCT and give suitable example.
- (iv) (a) Describe the HSAB concept and its application.
 - (b) Explain metal carbonyl compound, its classification, preparation and structures.

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